

GDPR Definitions

data subject: an identified or identifiable natural person.

controller:

‘controller’ means the natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data; where the purposes and means of such processing are determined by Union or Member State law, the controller or the specific criteria for its nomination may be provided for by Union or Member State law.

personal data:

‘personal data’ means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person (‘data subject’); an identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person.

processing:

‘processing’ means any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data or on sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as collection, recording, organization, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.

processor:

‘processor’ means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which processes personal data on behalf of the controller.

pseudonymisation:

‘pseudonymisation’ means the processing of personal data in such a manner that the personal data can no longer be attributed to a specific data subject without the use of additional information, provided that such additional information is kept separately and is subject to technical and organizational measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an identified or identifiable natural person.

supervisory authority:

‘supervisory authority concerned’ means a supervisory authority which is concerned by the processing of personal data because:

- a. the controller or processor is established on the territory of the Member State of that supervisory authority;
- b. data subjects residing in the Member State of that supervisory authority are substantially affected or likely to be substantially affected by the processing; or
- c. a complaint has been lodged with that supervisory authority.